## THE SYNTHESIS OF 36-HYDROXY-4,4-DIMETHYL-5a-CHOLEST-8-EN-11-ONE FROM LANOSTEROL

C. W. Shoppee, N. W. Hughes, and Ruth E. Lack

Department of Organic Chemistry

University of Sydney

Sydney, Australia

(Received 18 July 1966)

Recent publications have described the functionalization of the 14a-methyl group in derivatives of 5a-lanostane <sup>1,2</sup> and 5a-lanostan-11-one <sup>3,4,5</sup>. We found <sup>5</sup> that cleavage of the ether (I) with pyridinium hydrochloride in acetic anhydride <sup>2,6</sup> for 24 hr. at 140° gave 3β-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-5a-cholest-8-en-11-one (II) - together with an almost equal amount of the diacetate (III), which failed to rearrange to the 8-ene-11-ketone (IV) on acidic or basic hydrolysis. We now report a rapid and almost quantitative conversion of the ether (I) to 3β-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-5a-cholest-8-en-11-one (II) by cleavage with boron trifluoride.

The ether (I) was treated with boron trifluoride etherate in acetic anhydride for 10 min. at 20° to give as the sole product the enol acetate (V); this by brief alkaline hydrolysis gave the 8-ene-ll-ketone (II), probably by conversion of the enol (VI) to the 8-en-ll-one (IV), followed by a retroaldol reaction to give formaldehyde and 3β-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-5a-cholest-8-en-ll-one (II).

The enol acetate (V) possessed  $v_{\text{max}}^{\text{CCl}}$  1735 (CO. CH<sub>3</sub>) 1598 (C = C), 1220 and 1248 cm.  $^{-1}$  (-OAc),  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$  243 mµ (log  $\epsilon$  4.14) with shoulders at 236 and 251 mµ. The n.m.r. spectrum revealed signals at  $\tau$  8,04 (14a-CH<sub>2</sub>OAc),  $\tau$  7.97 (36-OAc),  $\tau$  7.89 (11-OAc), an AB quartet  $\tau$  6.02, 5.74 [J 11 c/s.] (14a-CH<sub>2</sub>-),  $\tau$  5.46 (3a-H), and  $\tau$  4.34 (7-H). 3β-Hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-5a-cholest-8-en-11-one (II) was identical with the sample previously prepared<sup>5</sup>, m.p. 119 - 122° from ether,  $v_{\text{max}}^{\text{CCl}}$  3620 (OH), 1665 cm.  $^{-1}$  (C=O),  $\lambda_{\text{max}}^{\text{c}}$  250 mµ (log  $\epsilon$  3.84), n.m.r. spectrum:  $\tau$  6.72 (3a-H) and no other low field proton [Found: C, 81.0; H, 11.0; calc. for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>48</sub>O<sub>2</sub> C, 81.3; H, 11.3%; M(mass spectrum), 428].

$$AcO \stackrel{C_8H_{17}}{\underset{H}{\longleftarrow}} O \stackrel{C_8H_{17}}{\underset{H}{\longleftarrow}} O \stackrel{C_8H_{17}}{\underset{H}{\longleftarrow}} O \stackrel{C_8H_{17}}{\underset{CH_2OAc}{\longleftarrow}} O \stackrel{C_8H_{17}}{\underset{CH_$$

## REFERENCES

- D. H. R. Barton, T. S. Bentley, and J. F. McGhie, <u>Tetrahedron</u> Letters, 1965, 2497.
- J. Fried, J. W. Brown, and L. Borkenhagen, <u>Tetrahedron Letters</u>, 1965, 2499.
- C. W. Shoppee, J. C. Coll, N. W. Hughes, and R. E. Lack, <u>Tetrahedron Letters</u>, 1965, 3249.
- 4. D. H. R. Barton, A. Hameed, and J. F. McGhie, <u>Tetrahedron Letters</u>, 1965, 4343.
- C. W. Shoppee, N. W. Hughes, and R. E. Lack, J. Chem. Soc., 1966, in the press.
- W. G. Dauben and G. Fonken, J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 1954, 76, 4618;
   M. E. Wall, H. E. Kenney, and E. S. Rothman, J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 1955, 77, 5665.
- K. Heusler, J. Kalroda, C. Meystre, P. Wieland, G. Anner, A.
   Wettstein, G. Cainelli, D. Arigoni, and O. Jeger, <u>Helv. Chim. Acta</u>,
   1961, <u>44</u>, 502.